

# Humidifier with Web Interface



## Group two:

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# Summary

- Construction of Humidifier
- Control with Arduino
- Web Application
- Container



# Problem

- Low humidity: Electrostatic discharge



# Objectives

The goal is to develop a humidifier with a Web interface for a server room of 80 m<sup>3</sup>.

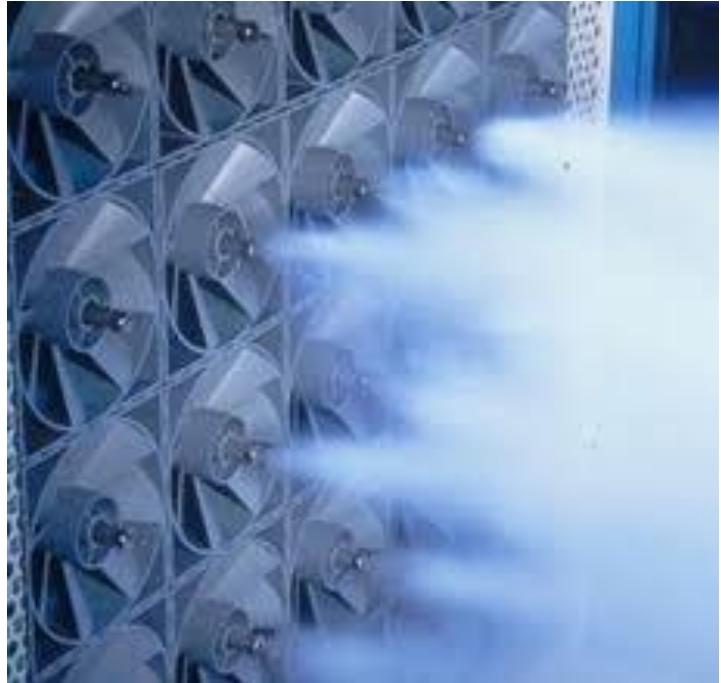
The final product must:

- maintain of a relative humidity between 40 % and 70 % (+- 5);
- have two days of autonomy;
- be placed on the floor of the room;
- include a life-cycle analysis;
- have on-off switch;
- be compliant with the EU Directives [2006/42/CE 2006-05-17](#) and [2006/95/CE 2006-12-12](#);
- Team work.



# State of the Art - Humidifier

- Type of humidifier:
  - Steam
  - Fan
  - High water pressure
  - Ultrasound method
  - Compressed air



# State of the Art - Control

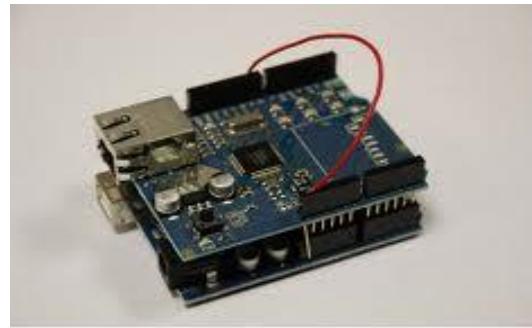
This fase we found two differents options:



Typical PLCs

## PLC-(Programmable Logic Control)

## Microcontroller with Arduino



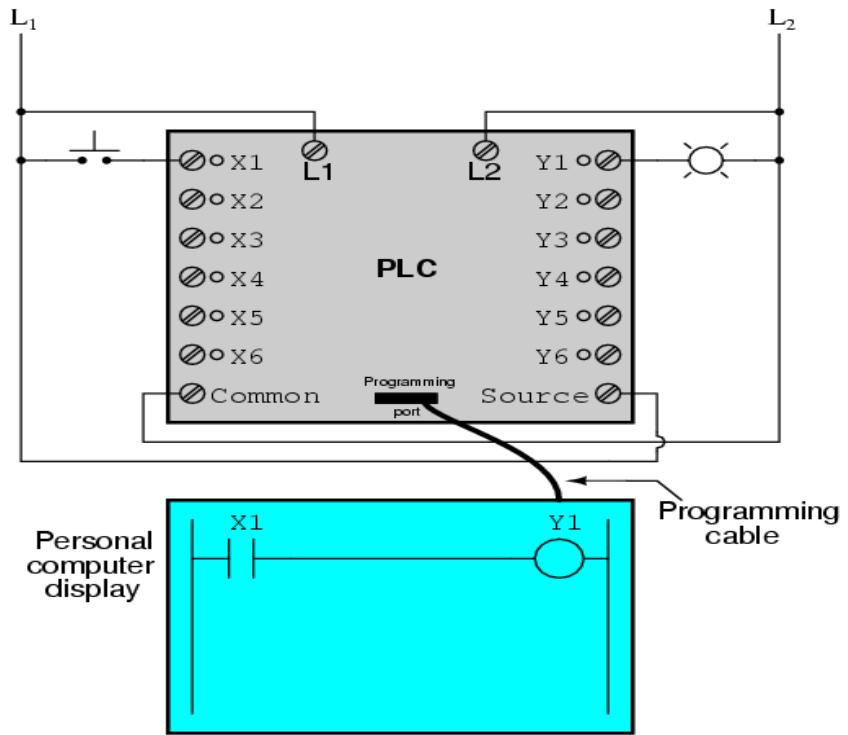
Arduino/Ethernet/CDC/Firmware Arduino tutorial  
<http://www.mikromedia.de/arduino/arduino-ethernet-tutorial/>

The ethernet shield will crash if the RESET pin is not hooked up (to something). In the above hardware configuration the RESET pin of the shield is hooked up to Digital [10] as an output. It goes to LOW to reset the shield then back to HIGH before every ethernet connection it makes.

# State of the Art - PLC (Programmable Logic Control)

## Applications and features

- Large industrial applications
- More durability
- More expensive
- Programming in Ladder



# State of the Art – Microcontroller - Arduino

## Applications and features

- Small applications
- Cheaper
- Programming in C/C++



The our choise was: Arduino!

# State of the Art – Web Interface

Features:

- Identify the sensors
- Life-cycle analysis
- Control humidifier



Programming language:

**Java**

# State of the Art – Web Interface

## Software:

Notepad++



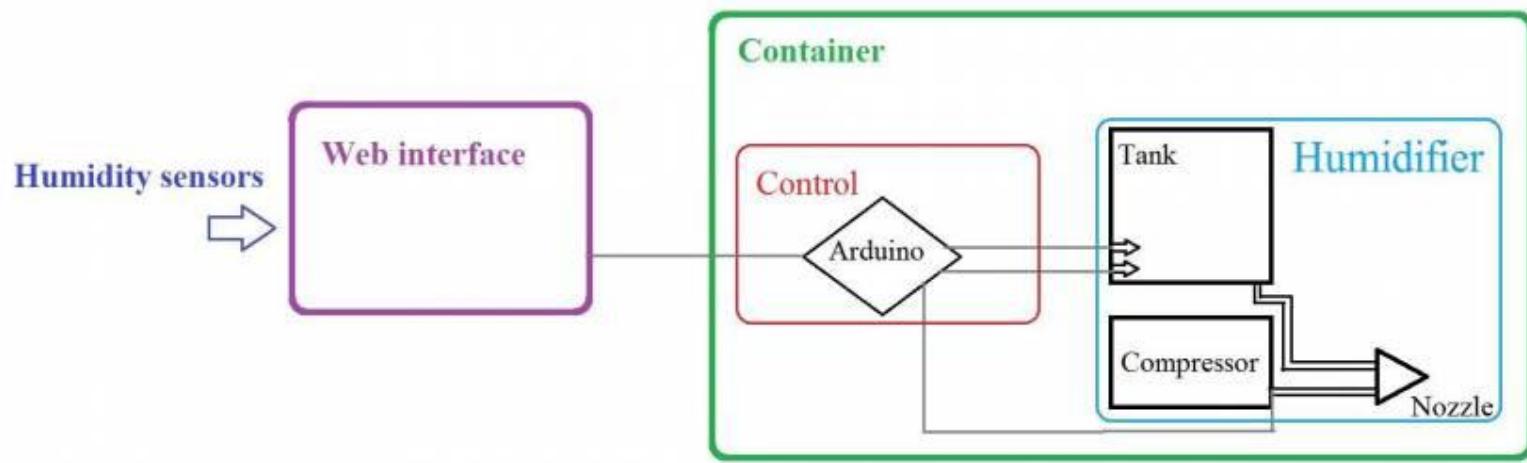
TomCat



MySQL

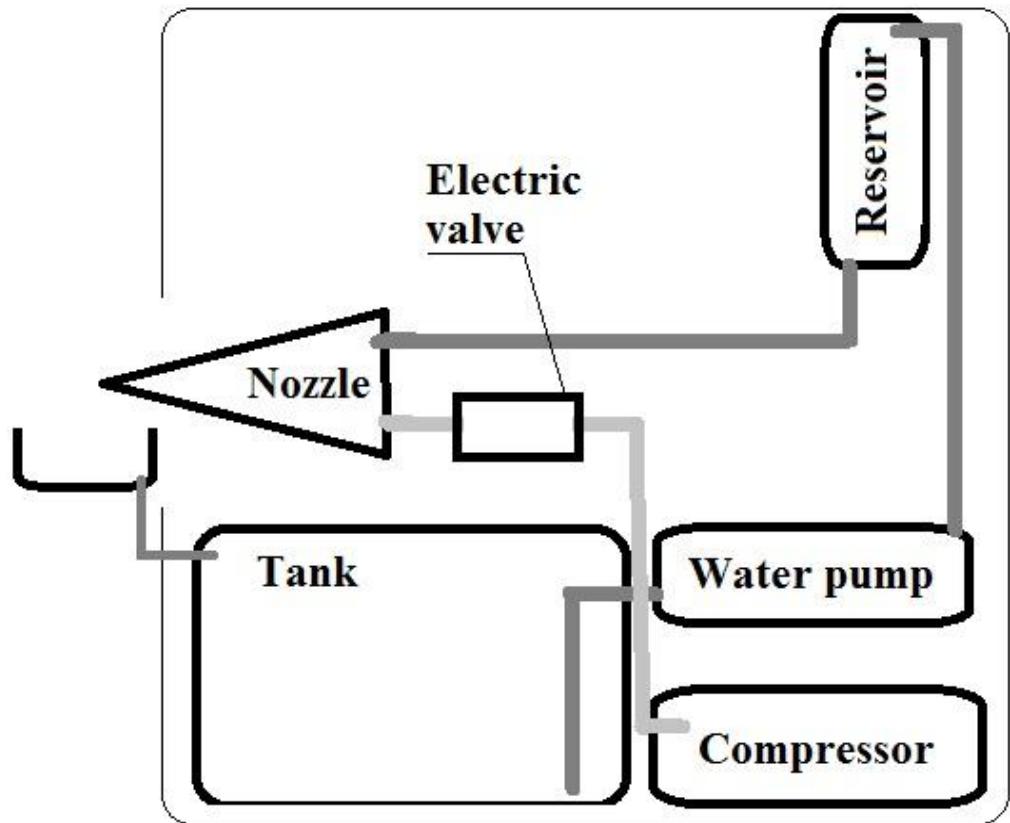
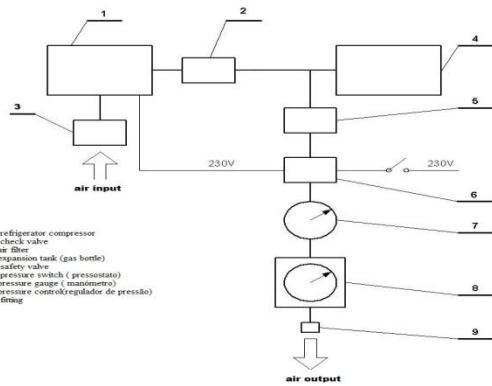


# Development - Architecture

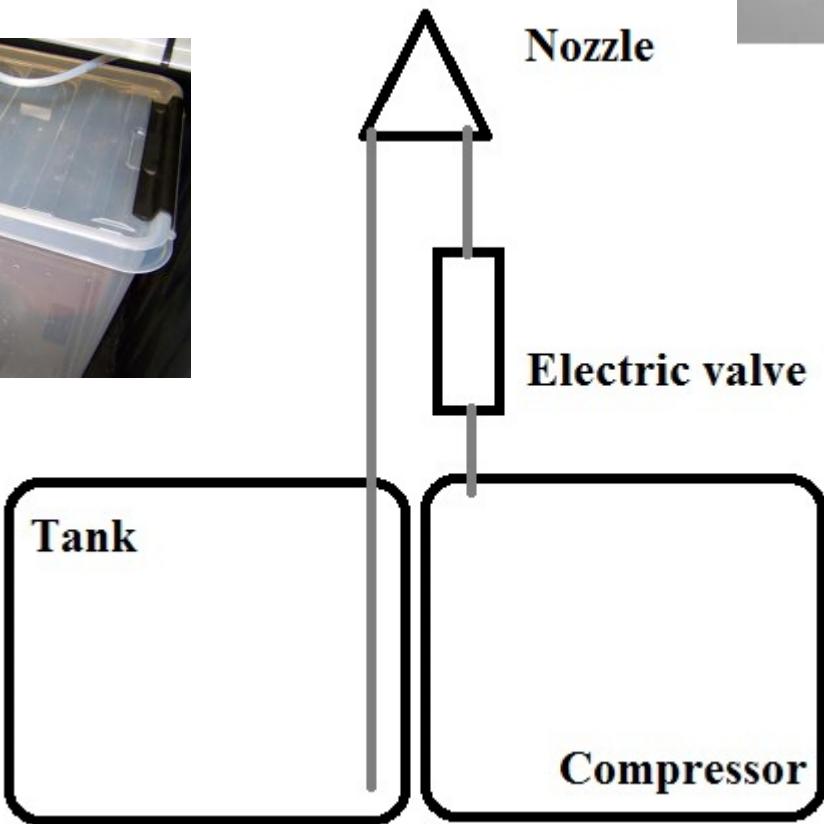


# Development - Humidifier

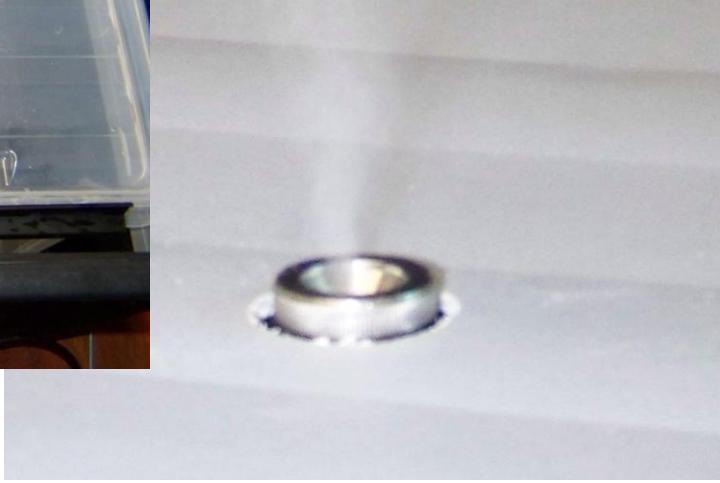
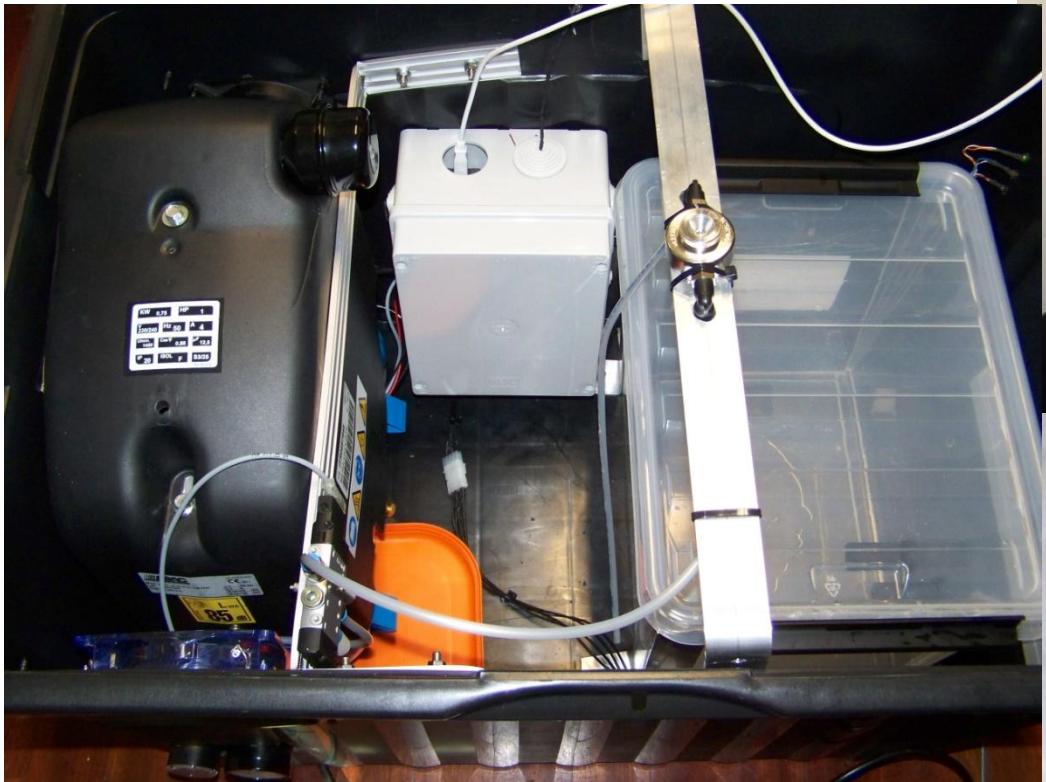
- Previous compressor solution



# Development -Humidifier



# Development -Humidifier

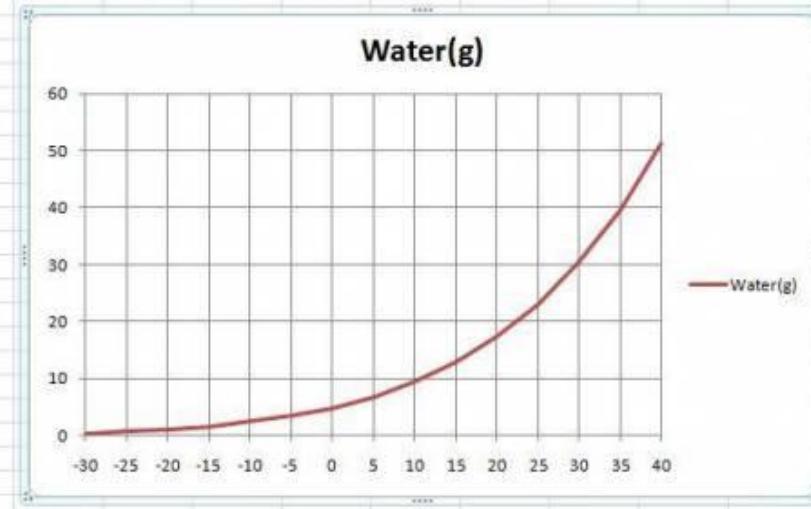
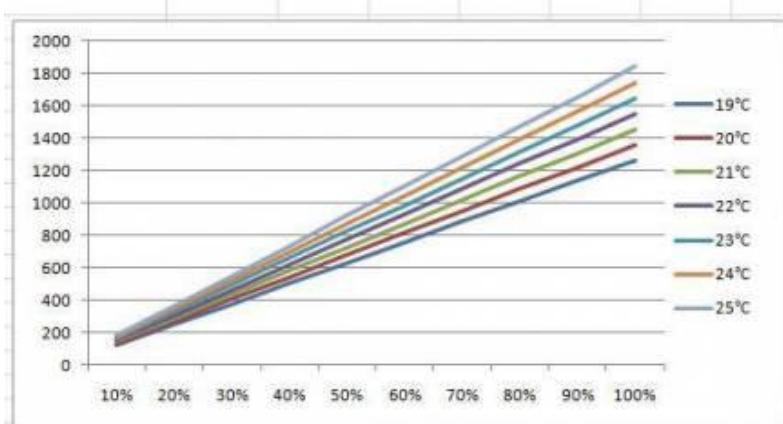


# Development – Water tank

- Calculation that the 80m<sup>3</sup> air how much water the air contains in the same temperature but in different percentage.

Relativ humidity	19°C	20°C	21°C	22°C	23°C	24°C	25°C
10%	126,4	136	145,6	155,2	164,8	174,4	184
20%	252,8	272	291,2	310,4	329,6	348,8	368
30%	379,2	408	436,8	465,6	494,4	523,2	552
40%	505,6	544	582,4	620,8	659,2	697,6	736
50%	632	680	728	776	824	872	920
60%	758,4	816	873,6	931,2	988,8	1046,4	1104
70%	884,8	952	1019,2	1086,4	1153,6	1220,8	1288
80%	1011,2	1088	1164,8	1241,6	1318,4	1395,2	1472
90%	1137,6	1224	1310,4	1396,8	1483,2	1569,6	1656
100%	1264	1360	1456	1552	1648	1744	1848

# Development – Water tank

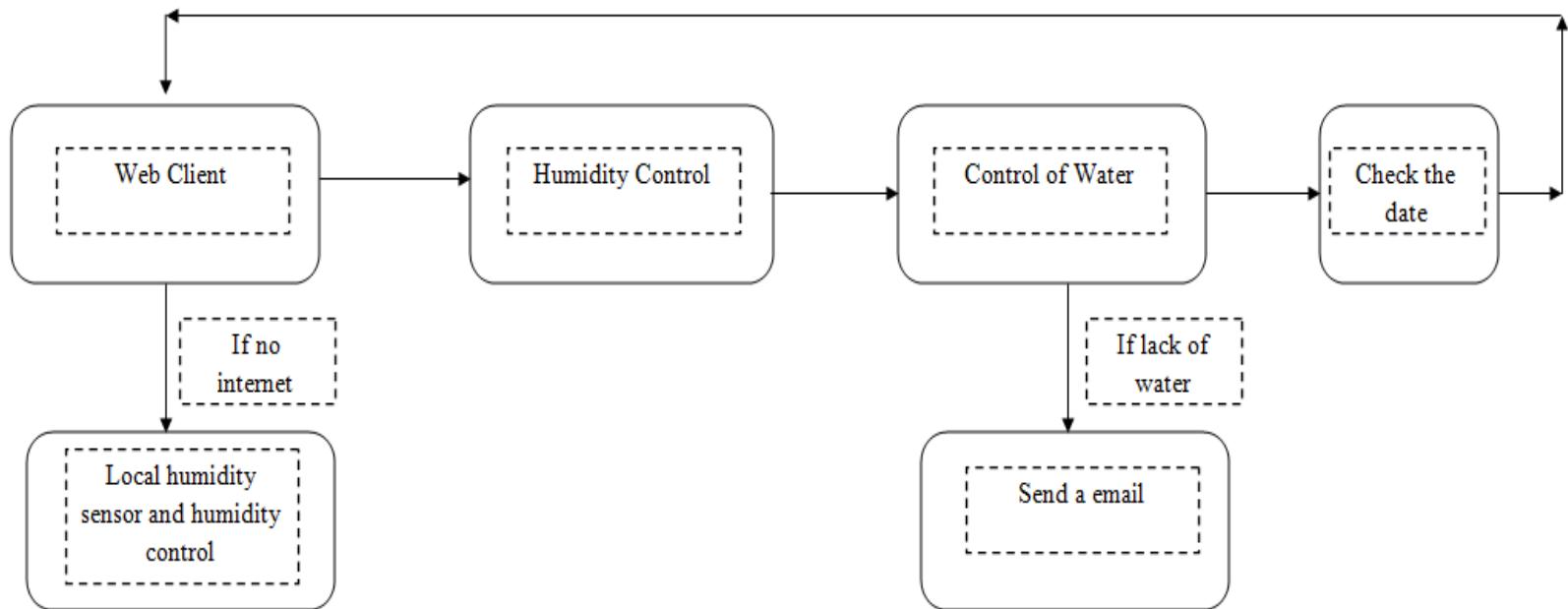


The datacenters measurements has not enough changes ,so we couldn't calculate the exact amount what we need for 2 days. Than we chose the tank to be enough for the worst case for two days.



# Development – Control

- Organize ideas

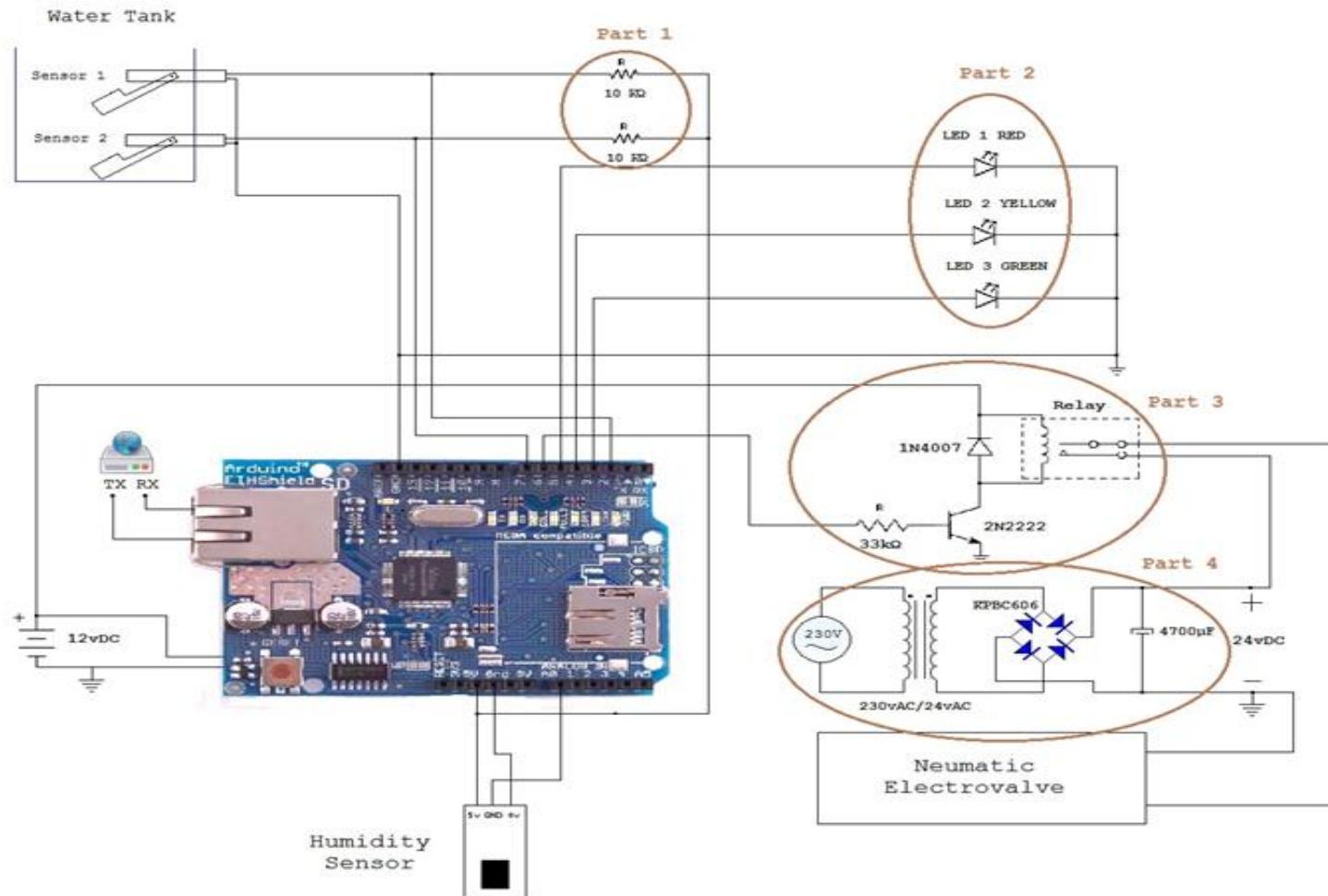


# Development – Control

- Flowchart
- Construction Code
  - Control Water
  - Control humidity
  - Connection with Tomcat server
  - Validity of data
  - Connection with Email server (to send email with humidifier information)
  - Submit information to database with water level (life-cycle analysis)

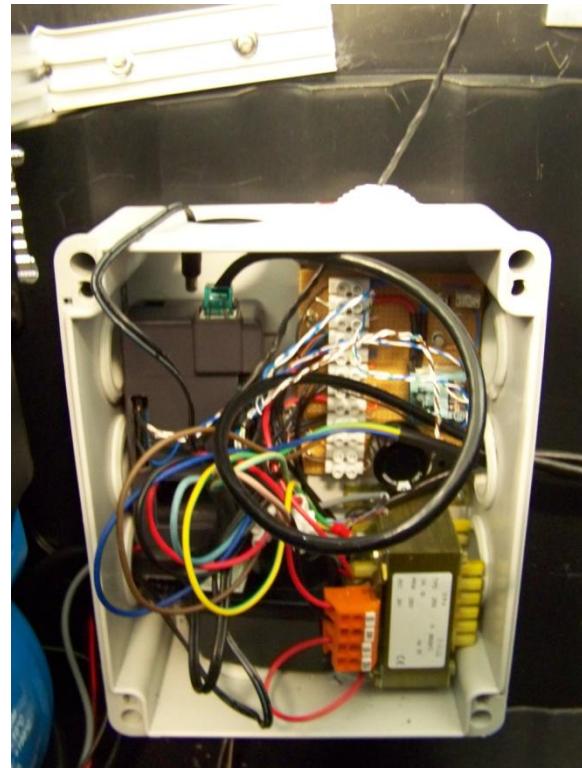


# Development – Control – Electric circuit

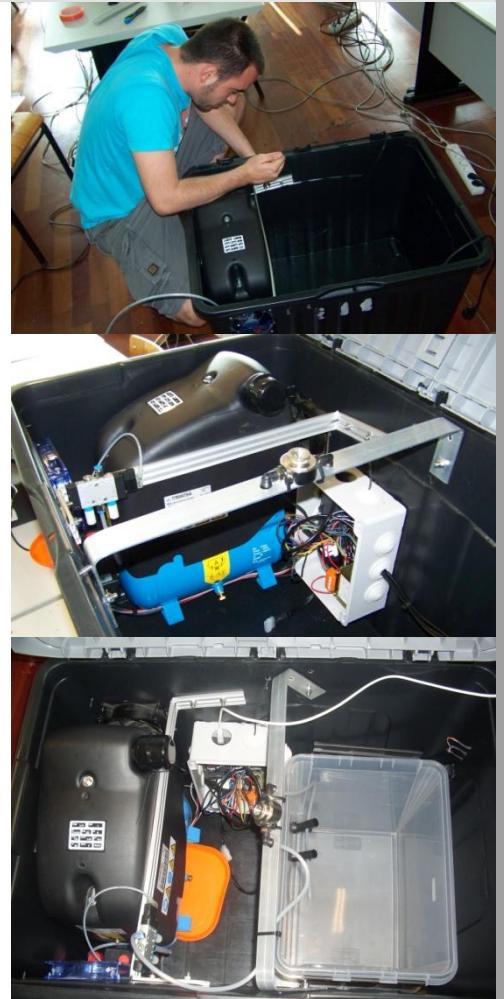
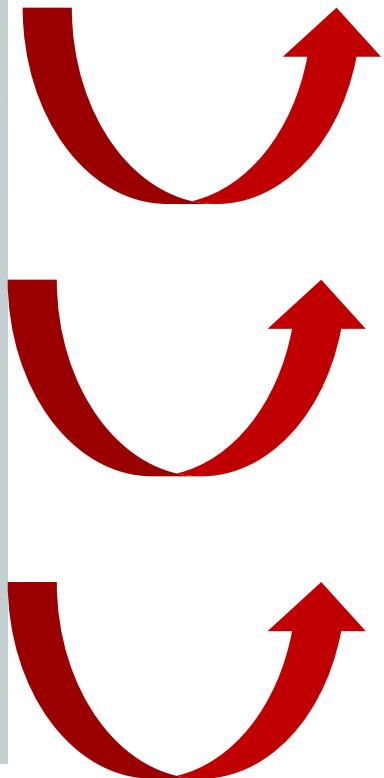
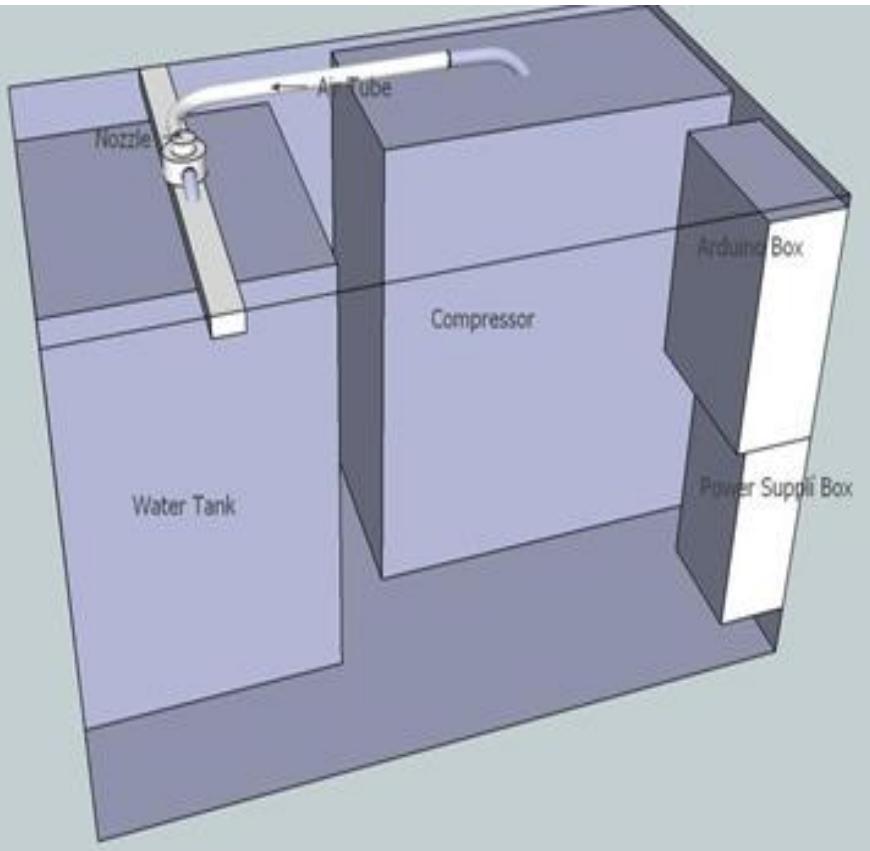


# Development – Control – Electric circuit

- Part 1 – Water sensors
- Part 2 – Leds
- Part 3 – Control electricvalve with relay
- Part 4 – Conversion AC to DC



# Development – Container



# Development – Web interface

- Consult Temperature;
- Consult Humidity;
- Consult Water Level

**Life-Cycle Analysis**

INSTITUTO SUPERIOR DE ENGENHARIA DO PORTO  
European Project Semester Spring 2011



Temperature (°C)	Sensor Id	Value	Date
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Get Temperature Data"/>			

Relative Humidity (%)	Sensor Id	Value	Date
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Get Rel Humidity Data"/>			

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# Results

**Humidifier  
Group two**



# Advantage and disadvantages

## Advantages

- Good performance
- Cold vapor
- Quite easy control
- Fast humidification



## Disadvantages

- Noise - 66 dB
- Some vibration
- Size



# Futures developments

- System to remove water pollution. It could be chemical compound or UV lamp.
- Composite material structure.
- The mail box where will be sent with information of water level of the humidifier tank should be consulted frequently.
- Purge the compressor



# Conclusions

- **Achievements:**
  - We learned to work better in team
  - Improve communication
  - Apply our knowledge in real life situations
  - We can make humidifiers
  - We can organize a project and ourselves better



## Important Recommendations

- The mail box where will be sent with information of water level of the humidifier tank should be consulted frequently

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Thanks for your attention

